Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Number: Name: Name:	and State Highway Administration as part ust with eligibility determinations in		
MARYLAND HISTORICA	AL TRUST		
Eligibility RecommendedX	i de la companya de		
Criteria:ABCD Considerations:A	BCDEFGNone		
Comments:			
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Reviewer, OPS:Anne E. Bruder	Date:3 April 2001		
Reviewer NR Program: Peter F Kurtze	Date: 3 April 2001		

MHT No. <u>CH-376</u>

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Historic Bridge Inventory Maryland State Highway Administration Maryland Historical Trust

Name and SHA No. <u>Governor Harry W. Nice Memorial Bridge</u> Location:				
Street/Road Name and Number: <u>U.S. Route 301 over the Potomac River</u> City/Town: <u>Newburg</u> x_vicinity				
County: <u>Charles</u>				
Ownership:StateCountyMunicipal _x_Other (Maryland Toll Authority)				
This bridge projects over:RoadRailway _x_WaterLand				
Is the bridge located within a designated district:yes _x_noNR listed districtNR determined eligible districtlocally designatedother Name of District				
Bridge Type:				
Timber BridgeBeam BridgeTruss-CoveredTrestleTimber-and-Concrete				
Stone Arch				
Metal Truss Bridge				
Movable BridgeSwingBascule Single LeafBascule Multiple LeafVertical LiftRetractilePontoon				
Metal GirderRolled Girder Concrete EncasedPlate GirderPlate Girder Concrete Encased				
Metal Suspension				
Metal Arch				
<u>x</u> Metal Cantilever				
Concrete Concrete ArchConcrete SlabConcrete BeamRigid Frame Other Type Name				

Description:

Describe Setting:

The Governor Harry W. Nice Memorial Bridge carries U.S. Route 301 across the Potomac River, connecting Charles County, Maryland, and King George County, Virginia. To the southwest, in Dahlgren, is the U.S. Naval Surface Weapons Center. To the northeast, near Newburg, is a treatment plant. The bridge is 1.7 miles long and 135 feet above the water.

Describe Superstructure and Substructure: (Discuss points identified in Context Addendum, Section C)

According to the original report prepared by Greiner in 1938, the structure is a high level bridge with a

"horizontal clearance of 700 feet and a vertical clearance of 135 feet over the main ship channel of the Potomac. The main span over the channel forms the highest point in the roadway with 3.75 per cent grade approaches. The main channel span and the two side spans flanking it, comprise a cantilever unit, the main span of which is 800 feet long and the side spans of which are anchor spans each 366 feet 8 inches long. The cantilever units forming the approaches to this central unit are made up of alternate spans and cantilever spans 437 feet 6 inches and 500 feet long, respectively.

The main section of the bridge is approached from the Virginia end by 63 spans of concrete pile bent and steel beam trestle construction 3873 feet long, and four plate girder spans 100 feet long, connecting trestle with the main cantilever section. On the Maryland side of the river, the main cantilever section of the bridge is approached by three 100 feet plate girder spans and two 250 feet simple truss spans connecting the filled approach with the main cantilever section."

Discuss major alterations:

The Nice Bridge had its bridge deck replaced during the 1980s, had ATAC installation, had fender system replacement, and had toll plaza modifications during the 1990s.

History:

When Built: March 1939 to December 1940

Why Built: to provide access from Maryland to Virginia

Who Built: Harris Structural Steel Company/Merritt, Chapman and Scott

Who Designed: J.E. Greiner and Company

Why Altered: n/a

Was this bridge built as part of an organized bridge building campaign: yes

The Nice Bridge was constructed as part of Maryland's Primary Bridge Program, initiated during the 1930s as a way to provide access to and from areas previously isolated from other parts of the state. As such, the bridge is potentially eligible under Criterion A for its role in encouraging inter- and intrastate transportation and commerce.

Surveyor Analysis:

This bridge may have NR significance for association with:

- x A Events _B Person
- x C Engineering/Architectural Character

Was the bridge constructed in response to significant events in Maryland or local history?

This bridge was constructed as part of Maryland's Primary Bridge Program, which included a bridge across the Susquehanna River from Havre de Grace to Perryville, either a bridge or tunnel across the Baltimore Harbor, and a bridge across the Chesapeake Bay. This program was developed during the 1930s as a way to provide a continuous north-south highway that would connect Philadelphia to Richmond and bypass the major metropolitan areas of Washington, D.C., and Baltimore. With automobile use on the rise, Maryland was committed to providing accessible roadways and bridges to connect its isolated areas.

When the bridge was built and/or given a major alteration, did it have a significant impact on the growth and development of the area?

Before the opening of the Nice Bridge, only ferry service was available between Maryland and Virginia along the Potomac River below Washington. With the advent of the bridge, traffic patterns shifted so that a steady flow of travelers infiltrated the area. Easy access from Maryland to Virginia helped stimulate growth on both sides of the river, but more importantly, aided in boosting interstate travel as a whole.

Is the bridge located in an area which may be eligible for historic designation and would the bridge add to or detract from the historic and visual character of the possible district?

The Nice Bridge may be in an area that is eligible for historic designation and would add to both the historic and visual character of the possible district.

Is the bridge a significant example of its type?

This bridge is a well-preserved example of the metal cantilever bridge. Additionally, it is the only known example of a metal cantilever bridge in the state of Maryland.

Does the bridge retain integrity of the important elements described in the Context Addendum?

This bridge possesses integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling and association. As mentioned above, very few significant alterations have occurred at this bridge. Thus, the bridge retains integrity of all of its original components, including the anchor arms, cantilever arms, central suspended span, piers, and abutments.

Is the bridge a significant example of the work of the manufacturer, designer, and/or engineer and why?

This is the only known example of a metal cantilever bridge in Maryland designed by Greiner. It is potentially eligible under Criterion C for its manufacture and design.

Should this bridge be given further study before significance analysis is made and why?

No further evaluation is necessary to determine National Register significance. However, additional research concerning the history of this bridge and its surroundings may be useful in providing a more complete picture of the bridge's background.

Provide black and white prints and negatives and color slides of bridge, details, and setting labeled according to NR Bulletin 16A and Maryland Supplement to Bulletin 16A.

Provide a photocopy USGS map illustrating the location of the bridge.

Surveyor:

Name:

Alice Crampton/Julie Abell

Date:

12/16/94

Organization:

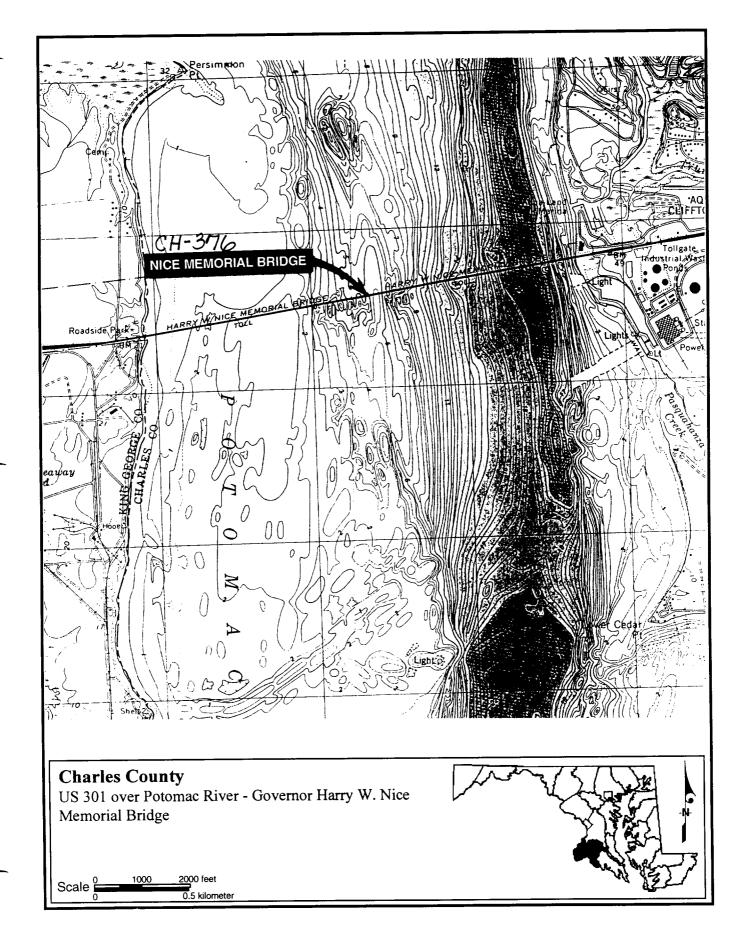
Parsons Engineering Science, Inc. Telephone:

(703) 591-7575

Address:

10521 Rosehaven Street

Fairfax, Virginia 22030-2899



Parking Lot Picnic Area	Potomac River	Aqua-Land Marina
	W. Nico Momorial Bride	
/ (Henry W. Nice Memorial Bridg))))
Naval Surface Warfare Center		Power Plant NOT TO SCALE



Governor Harry W. Nice Memorial Bridge Charles County, Maryland Julie Abell

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Maryland State Highway Administration Northwest elevation



Governor Harry W. Nice Memorial Bridge Charles County, Maryland Julie Abell 12/94

Maryland State Highway Administration Northwest elevation, detail



Governor Harry W. Nice Memorial Bridge Charles County, Manyland Julie Abell 12/94

Maryland State Highway Administration Northwest elevation, Letail



Maryland State Highway Administration

Charles County, Manyland

Southeast elevation

Julie Abell

12/94

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Governor Harry W. Nice Memorial Bridge



Governor Harry W. Nice Memorial Bridge Charles County, Manyland Julie Abell Maryland State Highway Administration Southeast elevation, Letail



Governor Harry W. Nice Memorial Bridge Charles County, Maryland Julie Abell 12/94 Maryland State Highway Administration

Southeast elevation, detail



Governor Harry W. Nice Memorial Bridge Charles County, Manyland Julie Abell 12/94 Maryland State Highway Administration Southeast elevation, detail

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Governor Harry W. Nice Memorial Bridge Charles County, Maryland Julie Abell

12/94 Maryland State Highway Administration

Approach looking northeast



Charles County, Manyland

Julie Abell

12/94

Maryland State Highway Administration

Approach looking southwest